



- Monday, October 1st

Grammar: Write out the numbers. (Write the names for the numbers in your notebook.)

Example: 108,200,000= One hundred and eight million, two hundred thousand.

2,000	4,100	1,000,000
3,000	26,000	500,000
2,500	48,000	1,500,000

- Tuesday, October 2nd

Vocabulary: Attachment 1 “Natural disasters”. Match the picture and the word. (Print the attachment 1 and paste it in your notebook.)

- Wednesday, October 3rd

Reading and writing: Attachment 2. Read the text about volcanoes and answer the questions. (Print the attachment 2 and paste it in your notebook.)

- Thursday, October 4th

Vocabulary and grammar: Write sentences in your notebook with the following list of words. (Copy the list of words in your notebook and write the sentences.)

1.- avalanche 2.- eruption 3.- lightning 4.- tornado 5.- cloud 6.- mud 7.- lava 8.- wave



Attachment 1. Natural disasters.

NATURAL DISASTERS

1 Match the pictures and the words.

a

b

c

d

e

f

g

h

i

j

k

l

1 landslide 2 flood 3 volcanic eruption 4 lightning 5 explosion
6 avalanche 7 tornado 8 forest fire 9 tsunami
10 drought 11 earthquake 12 hurricane



Attachment 2

VOLCANOES!

A volcano is a mountain where lava (hot, liquid rock) comes from the ground. Most volcanoes have a crater at the top. When a volcano is active, materials come out of it. The materials include lava, steam, gases, ash and broken rock pieces. When there is enough pressure, it causes the volcano to erupt. The pressure blows off the top of the volcano. The magma comes out, sometimes quickly and sometimes slowly. Magma and lava are the same thing, but in different places. When it is underground we call it magma, but when it erupts to the surface we call it lava. On Earth, we have about 1500 volcanoes. They are all over the world, and in every continent. Volcanoes are found on planets other than Earth. An example is Olympus Mons on Mars.



A traditional way to classify or identify volcanoes is by how many times it has eruptions (when lava comes to the surface). Those volcanoes which may erupt again at any time are called active. Those that are now quiet are called dormant (meaning "asleep"). Those volcanoes which have not erupted for thousands of years are called extinct.

An active volcano is currently erupting, or it has erupted in the last 10,000 years. An example of an active volcano is Eyjafjallajökull in Iceland.

A dormant volcano is "sleeping," but it could awaken in the future. Mount Kilimanjaro in Tanzania is a dormant volcano.



An extinct volcano has not erupted in the past 10,000 years, and is now completely safe. Edinburgh Castle in Scotland is located atop an extinct volcano. They have even built a city around it!

(Mount Kilimanjaro in Tanzania)

(Edinburgh in Scotland)





QUESTIONS:

How many volcanoes do we have on Earth? _____

What does the word "dormant" mean? _____

What is Lava? _____

Do we have Volcanoes in Africa? _____

What does it mean that a Volcano erupts? _____

What does it mean that a volcano is "extinct"? _____